

Y11 Revision



This booklet has a series of questions and answers that will help you to learn the information you need to do well on Paper One.

Cold War: East Vs West Blockbusters Questions

End of the Wartime Alliance

What 'A' is...	A weapon made by the American's that was dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki in Japan	Atomic Bomb
What 'C' is ...	An ideology where there is no elections, little freedom of speech but money is spread equally across the population	Communism
	An ideology where money is not spread equally [rich and poor] but there is freedom	Capitalism
	The British Prime minister from May 1940	[Winston] Churchill
What 'D' is ...	A government system where free elections takes place	Democracy
What 'F' is ...	The President of the USA during WW2	Franklin Delano Roosevelt [FDR]
What 'P' is ...	Where the 'Big 3' met to discuss terms for the end of WW2	Potsdam Conference
What 'R' is ...	When the Russian royal family was overthrown and replaced by a Communist government	Russian Revolution
What 'S' is ...	The leader of the Soviet Union during WW2	[Joseph] Stalin
	A country/nation that is politically and economically influenced by another country	Satellite States
	A country that could dominate power and influence anywhere in the world	Superpower
What 'U' is ...	The name of Russia while governed by the Communist Party	USSR

Soviet Expansionism

What 'B' is ...	When aircraft would provide West Berlin with supplies	Berlin Airlift
	When the Soviet Union blocked Western Allies' access to areas of Berlin under Western control	Berlin Blockade
What 'C' is ...	A council set up to organise industries and trade of eastern European countries	Comecon
	Was set up to control various Communist governments in Eastern Europe	Cominform
	A country that 'fell' to Communism	Czechoslovakia
What 'G' is ...	Who the Marshall Plan was named after	General George Marshall
	A country that Truman offered financial support to stop spread of Communism	Greece
What 'H' is ...	A country that 'fell' to Communism	Hungary
What 'M' is ...	When America offered money to Western European countries at 'risk' of Communism	Marshall Plan
What 'P' is ...	A country that 'fell' to Communism	Poland
What 'S' is ...	The Communist group that occupied northern half of Asia and part of Eastern Europe	Soviet Union
What 'T' is ...	USA president following Franklin D. Roosevelt	[Harry S] Truman
	A country that Truman offered financial support to stop spread of Communism	Turkey
	A promise to provide American support to any country that wanted to fight against Communism	Truman Doctrine

Developing hostilities 1949-60

What 'A' is ...	The manned space programme aiming to put the first man on the moon	Apollo
What 'B' is ...	The planes used to carry bombs during the Vietnam war	B-52
What 'D' is ...	Vietnam – Leader of the Capitalist South	[Ngo Ding] Diem
What 'E' is ...	President of USA from 53-61, followed Truman	Eisenhower
What 'G' is ...	Hard-line Communist leader of Hungary, replaced Rakosi	[Erno] Gero
What 'H' is ...	A country which attempted to 'rise up' against Communist control	Hungary
	A bomb developed by America, which was 1000 time more powerful than the A-bomb	Hydrogen Bomb
What 'K' is ...	A war that took place between 1950-53	Korean War
	The leader of the USSR who wanted to achieve 'peaceful' co-existence with west	Krushchev
What 'M' is ...	The Communist leader of China	Mao
	The anti-communist who wanted to use nuclear bombs against the Chinese	[General] MacArthur
	Vietnam – Leader of Communist North	[Ho Chi] Minh
What 'N' is ...	Leader of Hungary who wanted to introduce reforms [leaving Warsaw Pact]	[Imre] Nagy
	An agreement signed by the USA and Western Europe to work together	North Atlantic Treaty Organisation [NATO]
What 'P' is ...	American pilot who was shot down	[Gary] Powers
What 'R' is ...	Hardline Communist leader of Hungary	[Martyas] Rakosi
What 'S' is ...	Name of 1 st man made satellite	Sputnik
What 'U' is ...	The plane that was shot down by the Soviets	U Spy Plane
	The organisation set up after WW2 to settle dispute between countries	United Nations [UN]
What 'W' is ...	A military alliance similar to NATO – members would defend each other if one was attacked	Warsaw Pact

The Cold War heats up...and cools down

What 'B' is ...	The landing place on Cuba where the CIA invasion began	Bay of Pigs
	Capital of Germany that was divided 4 sections	Berlin
What 'C' is ...	Communist leader of Cuba who took power in 1959	[Fidel] Castro
	The only crossing between East and West Berlin	Checkpoint Charlie
	Communist neighbour of USA, where the USSR had secretly place missiles	Cuba
	The Country which led by Alexander Dubcek wanted to reform the communist government	Czechoslovakia
What 'D' is ...	A word that can be used to describe hostilities and strained relations between USA and USSR	Détente
What 'K' is ...	Leader of USSR during construction of Berlin Wall + who decides to hide missiles in Cuba	Khrushchev
	President of USA 1961-63 who was involved in failed attack of Bay of Pigs	[John F] Kennedy
What 'M' is ...	A term meaning that no side would fire first because if they did the other side would also fire [meaning there would be no winners]	Mutually Assured Destruction [MAD]
What 'N' is ...	President of USA in 1969	[Richard] Nixon
	Is the month that the Berlin Wall was built	November [1961]
	Agreement to prevent spread of nuclear weapons	Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty
What 'P' is ...	Name given to period of time in Czechoslovakia due to new ideas surfacing	Prague Springs
What 'Q' is ...	USA plan to stop and search all ships heading for Cuba	Quarantine
What 'U' is ...	Hardline Communist leader of East Germany	[Walter] Ulbricht